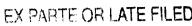
Bell Atlantic

1300 I Street NW, Suite 400W Washington, DC 20005

Susanne Guyer

Executive Director, Federal Regulatory Affairs







May 22, 1998

Ex Parte

Ms. Magalie Roman Salas Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Room 222 Washington, DC 20554

GEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

CC Dockets 96-262, 96-45 and 97-160 Re:

Dear Ms. Salas:

Yesterday, Mr. F. Gumper and I, representing Bell Atlantic, met with Mr. J. Schlichting, Deputy Chief of the Common Carrier Bureau. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss Bell Atlantic's proposal for access pricing flexibility. The attached charts were used as a basis for discussion.

Also discussed during this meeting were various options for recovery of Universal Service fund obligations that have been put forth by ATT and MCI in ex parte letters filed recently with the Commission. The Bell Atlantic representatives expressed no firm positions on the options presented by ATT and MCI.

Sincerely?

Susanne Guyer

Attachments

cc: J. Schlichting

A NEW APPROACH TO PRICING FLEXIBILITY AND ACCESS REFORM



Pricing Flexibility Principles and Benefits

- An administratively simple process using objective, verifiable criteria is required
 - » With 163 LATAs in 50 states and multiple services offered in each, the FCC could be inundated with individual pricing flexibility requests
- Bell Atlantic process will provide:
 - » a comprehensive framework for streamlined case-by-case resolution of requests, and
 - » reduced administrative burdens for both the FCC and applicants

Proposed Process For Pricing Flexibility

- A three phase framework under which pricing flexibility increases with competition
- ILECs may seek flexibility for a service group by a self-defined market area no smaller than a LATA
 - » Competition will evolve differently for different services
 - Switched multiline business vs. single line bus. & res.
 - Transport Special Access, Direct Trunked Transport & Tandem Switched Transport
 - The ILEC assumes the burden of proving the threshold for the criteria for the entire market area
 - larger areas require burden of showing for entire area
 - smaller areas require burden of multiple showings

The Pricing Flexibility Proposal's Safeguards

- Phase I provides flexibility for downward price deaveraging only
 - » No consumer rate increases in rural high cost areas
- Phase II provides limitations on the amount of upward price deaveraging
 - » Rural high cost consumers protected from unreasonable rate increases

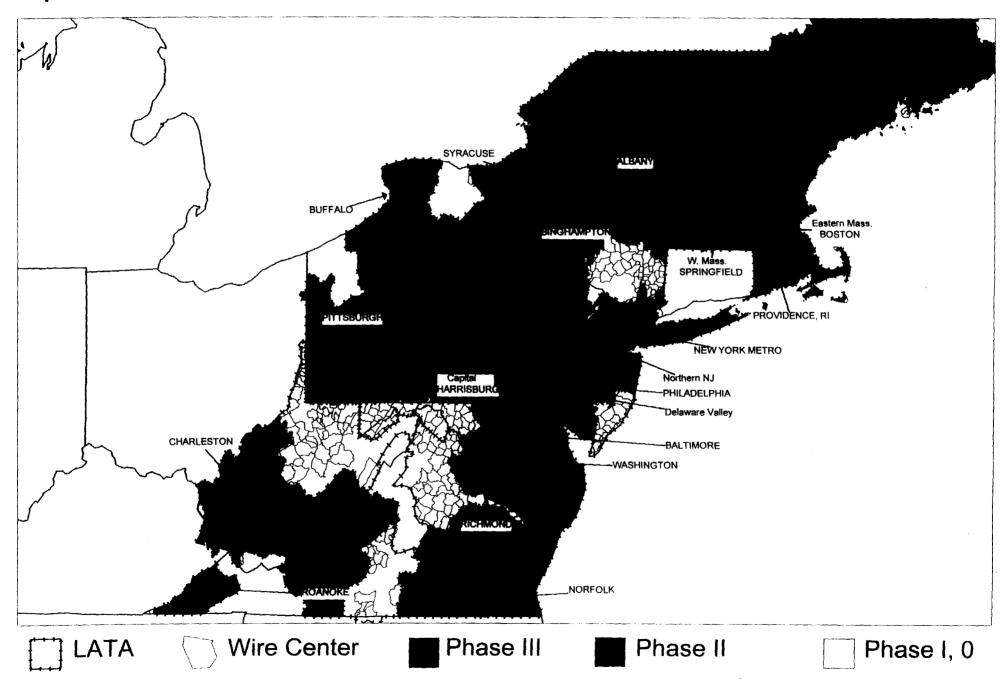
Criteria For Pricing Flexibility

	Phase 1 Competitive Presence	Phase II Increased Competition	Phase III Substantial Competition				
Transport	100 DSI – Equivalent collocated cross-connects state wide	Competitors serve, or have access to, 25% of the LATA	Competitors serve, or have access to, 75% of the LATA				
Switched Access	 Interconnection Agreements Interim number portability 100 UNE loops in Service 	Competitors serve, or have access to, 25% of the LATA	Competitors serve, or have access to, 75% of the LATA				

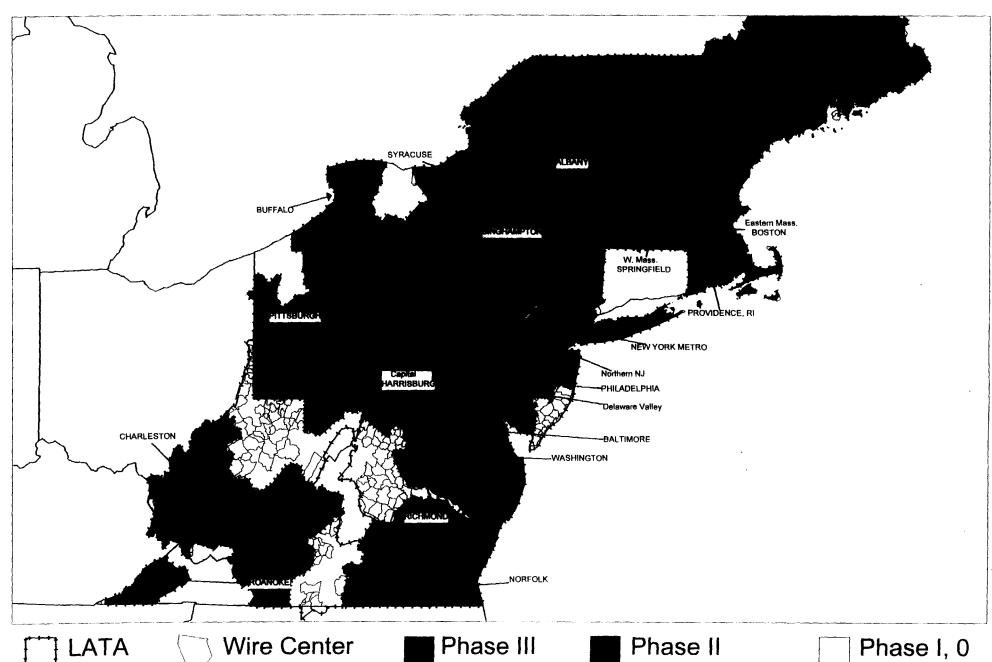
How to Determine Competitive Percentages

- Classify wire centers (WCs) as competitive if:
 - » Special Access
 - Competitor has collocated facilities, UNEs, or its own facilities in the geographic area served by the WC
 - » Switched Transport
 - Competitor has collocated facilities
 - » Switched Access
 - Competitors have collocated facilities and have purchased UNEs by class of customer (MLB vs SL); or
 - Competitors are providing service with UNEs, ported TNs or their own TNs in a WC serving area by class of service
- Calculate the % of ILEC demand in competitive WCs to the total ILEC demand in the market area.

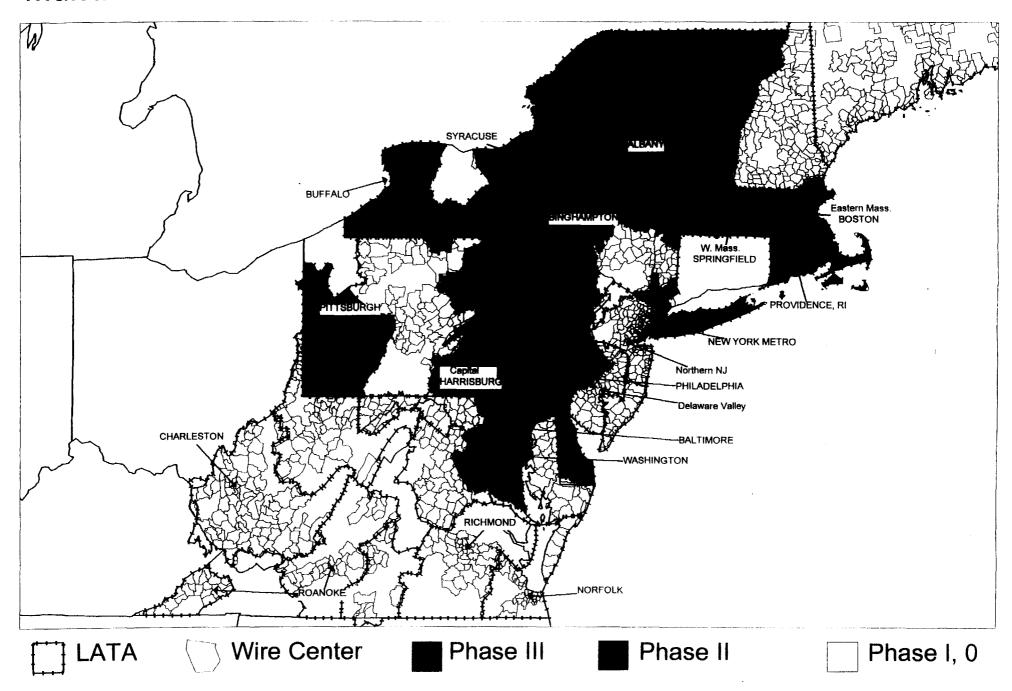
Special Access



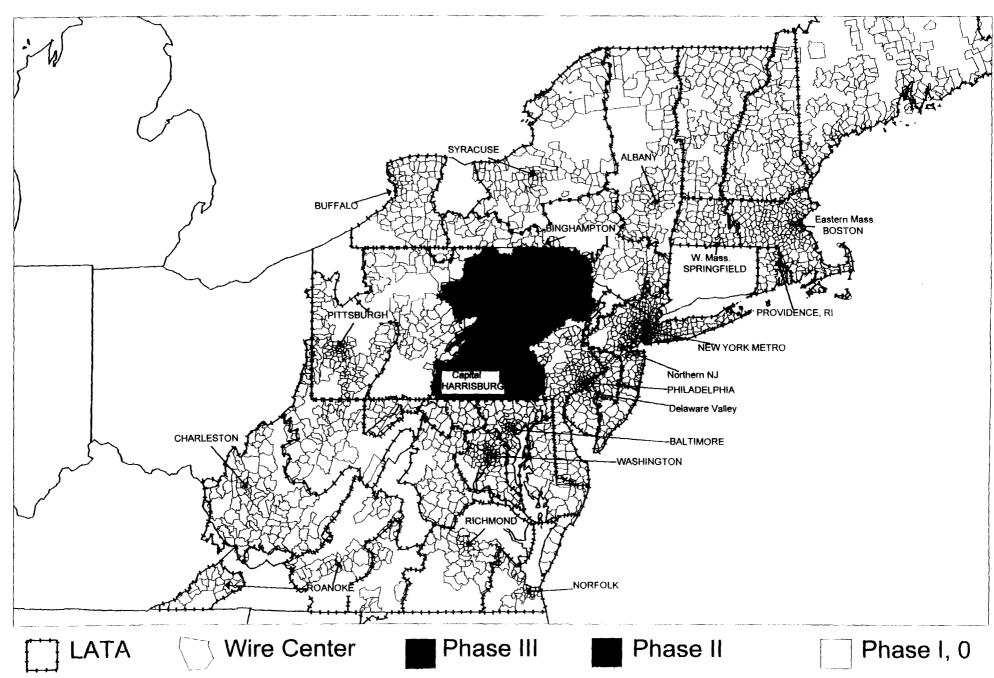
Switched Transport



Multiline Business



Residential and Single Line Business



Pricing Flexibility Granted Transport Markets

Services	Phase I*	Phase II	Phase III			
Special Access	Growth option with V&T Promotional offerings	Respond to RFPs Increase upper service band limits to 10%	Services removed from Price Cap regulation			
Switched Transport	Growth option with V&T Target TIC reductions to TIC in collocated WCs Promotional offerings	Respond to RFPs Increase upper service band limits to 10%	Services removed from Price Cap regulation			

^{*} An expedited process should also be adopted to enable the ILECs to respond to the RFPs of end users due to competitive necessity.

Bell Atlantic Already has Significant Statewide Pricing Flexibility in State Jurisdictions for Similar Private Line Services

SERVICE DESCRIPTION	NJ	<u>PA</u>	<u>DE</u>	<u>MD</u>	<u>VA</u>	<u>DC</u>	WVA	NY	<u>ME</u>	RI	MA
High Capacity (1.544 MB & Above)	1 200 m		german yan andra da	Andria on Aman		55 v			S. Sharana Para A. A.		
Digital Data Service											Statement Control
Metallic - Local Channels - 1000 Series - Telegraph	e (Astron										A Section of the sect
Dedicated Voice Grade – Program Audio											: 灣 子会
Frame Relay Service	general transfer										
Switched 56 Kilobit	,										
Switched Multimegabit Data Service	and the second and		200 to 1 1 200 to 1 100 to 1								
Dedicated Derived Channel 9000 Ser. All other			gant proportion and a state of the state of	44 40 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		en a company	Section for the section of the secti		and the second		

Shading indicates where pricing and packaging flexibilities and broad customer specific pricing flexibilities for business services are permitted.

Notes: New Hampshire and Vermont are under rate of return regulation. Business services competitive reclassification filed for and pending in Pennsylvania.

Pricing Flexibility Granted Switched Access Markets

<u>Services</u>	Phase I*	Phase II	Phase III
ML business	Deaverage ML PICCs by UNE loop zone V&T PICC pricing Deaverage ML SLC by UNE loop zone Deaverage overflow ML Bus O/T MOU by UNE loop zone Promotional offerings	Respond to RFPs Growth option with V&T plans Deaverage LS rate element by LATA	Services removed from Price Cap regulation
SL business and residence	Deaverage PICCs by UNE loop zone and class of customer V&T PICC pricing Promotional offerings	Respond to RFPs Deaverage LS rate element by LATA Deaverage overflow O/T MOU by UNE loop zone & class of customer Deaverage SLCs by UNE loop zone & class of customer	Services removed from Price Cap regulation

^{*} An expedited process should also be adopted to enable the ILECs to respond to the RFPs of end users due to competitive necessity.

Price Cap X-Factor Reductions

- The X-Factor should be an incentive to ILECs to facilitate competition
- Step I when 50% of the ILEC's total interstate access revenues are under Phase I, II or III, then eliminate Consumer Productivity Dividend (CPD)
 - » The CPD is an additional .5% added to the X-Factor above and beyond historical productivity growth
- **Step II** when 25% or more of the ILEC's total interstate access revenues are in Phases II or III
 - » Corresponding reductions in the X-Factor as competitors offer service to larger percentage of the market (e.g., 35% of revenues in Phase II or III then X reduced by 35%)
 - » As competition grows, ILECs will lose the reliable expectation of economies of scale and productivity growth will slow